1	(a	M1	brass	[1]
		M2	copper COND on M1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	$2ZnS + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2ZnO + 2SO_2$ species (1) balancing (1)	[2]
		(ii)	Manufacture of sulfuric acid or bleach or making wood pulp or making paper or food or fruit juice or wine preservative or fumigant or sterilising	[1]
	(c)	(i)	sulfuric acid	[1]
4	(c	(ii)	$Zn^{2+} + 2e \rightarrow Zn$	[1]
			oxygen or water Allow O ₂ and H ₂ O if no name seen	[1]
			sulfuric acid Allow: H ₂ SO ₄ if no name seen	[1]
4	(d)	(i)	from zinc to carbon (clockwise direction on or near the wire)	[1]
		(ii)	to allow ions to flow	[1]
		(iii)	oxidation and loss of electron(s) or increase in oxidation number/state	[1]
			reduction and decrease in oxidation number/state or gain of electron(s)	[1]
				[Total: 13]

2	(a	(i)	named noble gas accept: any noble gas accept: symbol	[1]
		(ii)	H ₂ O / CO ₂ not: names not: equations	[1]
	(b)	1	oxygen and nitrogen (in air) (react) at high temperature accept: in engines / lightning not: in exhausts	[1] [1]
		(ii)	fossil fuels / fuels which contain sulfur accept: named fossil fuel such as coal / oil / natural gas burn / combust	[1] [1]
		(iii)	any two from: damage buildings / soil acidification / leaching from soil / soil nutrients beco unavailable / kill microbes / acidify lakes / kill fish / damage trees / reduction in pl growth / crop loss	
	(c)		oxygen reacts with copper to form copper oxide (which is black)	[1] [1]
		(ii)	measure volume at room temperature / gas has different volumes at different temperatures / volume of gas depends on temperature / hot gas has higher volume heat causes expansion (of gases) / ORA	
		(iii)	no oxygen left or <u>all</u> the oxygen has reacted (with copper)	[1]
		(iv)	39–40 cm ³ note: units required	[1]

3	(a	(i)	or in wine making or as a refrigerant or in metallurgy or			
			(liquid) sulphur dioxide is used in the petroleum industry or kill microbes(etc) or insecticide	[1]		
		(ii)		[1]		
			NOT burnt/burn in air/oxygen 450°C vanadium oxide catalyst (if oxidation state given has to be correct) or platinum If four conditions are given which include high pressure then MAX [2] High pressure is incorrect MAX 10 atm.	[1] [1]		
		(iii)	ammonium sulphate or superphosphate or potassium sulphate or magnesium sulphate	[1]		
	(b)) (vaporisation or boiling or evaporation condensation or liquefaction	[1] [1]		
			NOTE order in which changes are given is not important NOT liquid => gas => liquid			
		(ii)	to get maximum yield of zinc or reduce all zinc oxide NOTE the above mark is awarded for why add excess carbon moves equilibrium to	[1]		
			right or to favours the products or removes CO ₂ from equilibrium NOTE this mark is awarded for how does the addition of excess carbon give max yield of zinc	[1]		
			NOTE Allow any coherent explanation <u>flexibly</u> based on the above ideas EXAMPLES :			
			moves equilibrium to right [1] because carbon dioxide removed [1] to get maximum yield of zinc [1] as equilibrium moves to right [1] NOT just to make CO from CO ₂			
	(c))	$Zn^{2+} + 2e = Zn$	[1]		
		(ii)	$4OH - 4e = O_2 + 2H_2O$	[2		
			or $4OH = O_2 + 2H_2O + 4e$ or $2H_2O = 4H^+ + O_2 + 4e$ or $2H_2O - 4e = 4H^+ + O_2$ oxygen as product [1]			
		/iii\	sulphuric acid	[1]		
		(111)	NOTE there are no alternative answers to the above	[1]		
	(d)	(d) prevent iron from rusting NOT with galvanising or sacrificial protection making brass or making alloys NOT bronze electroplating or as an electrode in electrolysis				
		cells roofing				
		sac	rificial protection			
			O uses [Total:	[2] 15]		

ļ	(a	(i)	correct word equation (carbon dioxide and water) Accept correct symbol equation	[1]
		(ii)	Must have a correct reagent otherwise wc = 0 add (acidified) barium chloride(aq) or nitrate or add barium ions COND white precipitate NOT lead(II) compounds	[1] [1]
		(iii)	low pH or universal indicator turns red(aq) pH 3 or less	[1]
	(b)		$H_2S + 2O_2 = H_2SO_4$ unbalanced [1]	[2]
		(ii)	unpleasant smell or it is poisonous or when burnt forms acid rain or forms sudioxide or forms sulphuric acid NOT it is a pollutant	lphur [1]
		(iii)	2H to 1S COND 8e around sulphur atom 2e per hydrogen atom THREE correct TWO from above [1] lonic structure = [0]	[2]
	(c)		vanadium oxide ${f or}$ vanadium(V) oxide ${f or}$ vanadium pentoxide or V_2O_5 Must be correct oxidation state if one given	[1]
		(ii)	400 to 500° C	[1]
		(iii)	add to (concentrated) sulphuric acid NOT dilute COND (upon sulphuric acid) above then add water	[1] [1]
	(d)	mol mol	ass of one mole of $CaSO_4 = 136$ les of $CaSO_4$ in 79.1g = 0.58 accept 0.6 les of H_2O in 20.9 g = 1.16 accept 1.2 aseq x = 2 x given as an integer	[1] [1] [1]

TOTAL = 16

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